

AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY AUGUST 30, 2013

AMENDED IN SENATE MAY 2, 2013

AMENDED IN SENATE MARCH 19, 2013

SENATE BILL

No. 258

Introduced by Senator Lieu

February 13, 2013

An act to amend Sections 112~~and~~, 4600, 4903.07, 4903.8, and 5410 of the Labor Code, relating to workers' compensation.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 258, as amended, Lieu. Workers' compensation.

Existing law establishes the 7-member Workers' Compensation Appeals Board, and provides that the members of the appeals board are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. Existing law requires that 5 of the 7 members of the board be experienced attorneys admitted to practice in the State of California, and provides that the other 2 members need not be attorneys.

This bill would require that all 7 members of the board be experienced attorneys admitted to practice in the State of California.

Existing law establishes a workers' compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers' Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of his or her employment. Existing law *requires that medical, surgical, chiropractic, acupuncture, and hospital treatment that is reasonably required to relieve the injured worker from the effects of his or her injury be provided by the employer. Existing law prohibits a chiropractor from being a treating physician after the employee has received a certain number of chiropractic visits.*

This bill would correct an erroneous cross-reference with respect to these provisions.

Existing law requires that a lien claimant is entitled to an order or award for reimbursement of a lien filing fee or lien activation fee, together with interest at the rate allowed on civil judgments, if certain conditions are satisfied.

This bill would specify that these fees are to be paid by the employer.

Existing law requires an order or award for payment of a lien for medical or hospital treatment, as specified, to be made for payment only to the person who was entitled to payment for the expenses for medical or hospital treatment at the time the expenses were incurred, and not to an assignee unless the person has ceased doing business in the capacity held at the time the expenses were incurred and has assigned all right, title, and interest in the remaining accounts receivable to the assignee.

This bill would authorize an assignment of that payment if the assignment was completed prior to January 1, 2013, or if it was required by a contract that became enforceable and irrevocable prior to January 1, 2013. The bill would state that this provision is declarative of existing law.

Existing law authorizes an injured worker to institute proceedings for the collection of compensation, including vocational rehabilitation services, within 5 years after the date of the injury upon the ground that the original injury has caused new and further disability or that providing vocational rehabilitation services has become feasible because the employee's medical condition has improved or because of other factors not capable of determination at the time the employer's liability for vocational rehabilitation services otherwise terminated.

This bill would delete the provisions relating to vocational rehabilitation, but retain the authority of an injured worker to institute proceedings for the collection of compensation within 5 years after the date of the injury upon the ground that the original injury has caused new and further disability.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: no.
State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

1 SECTION 1. Section 112 of the Labor Code is amended to
2 read:

112. (a) The members of the appeals board shall be appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of the Senate. The term of office of the members appointed prior to January 1, 1990, shall be four years, and the term of office of members appointed on or after January 1, 1990, shall be six years and they shall hold office until the appointment and qualification of their successors.

(b) All of the members of the appeals board shall be experienced attorneys at law admitted to practice in the State of California. All members shall be selected with due consideration of their judicial temperament and abilities. Each member shall receive the salary provided for by Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 11550) of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of the Government Code.

SEC. 2. Section 4600 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

4600. (a) Medical, surgical, chiropractic, acupuncture, and hospital treatment, including nursing, medicines, medical and surgical supplies, crutches, and apparatuses, including orthotic and prosthetic devices and services, that is reasonably required to cure or relieve the injured worker from the effects of his or her injury shall be provided by the employer. In the case of his or her neglect or refusal reasonably to do so, the employer is liable for the reasonable expense incurred by or on behalf of the employee in providing treatment.

(b) As used in this division and notwithstanding any other provision of law, medical treatment that is reasonably required to cure or relieve the injured worker from the effects of his or her injury means treatment that is based upon the guidelines adopted by the administrative director pursuant to Section 5307.27.

(c) Unless the employer or the employer's insurer has established or contracted with a medical provider network as provided for in Section 4616, after 30 days from the date the injury is reported, the employee may be treated by a physician of his or her own choice or at a facility of his or her own choice within a reasonable geographic area. A chiropractor shall not be a treating physician after the employee has received the maximum number of chiropractic visits allowed by subdivision ~~(d)~~ (c) of Section 4604.5.

(d) (1) If an employee has notified his or her employer in writing prior to the date of injury that he or she has a personal physician, the employee shall have the right to be treated by that physician from the date of injury if the employee has health care

1 coverage for nonoccupational injuries or illnesses on the date of
2 injury in a plan, policy, or fund as described in subdivisions (b),
3 (c), and (d) of Section 4616.7.

4 (2) For purposes of paragraph (1), a personal physician shall
5 meet all of the following conditions:

6 (A) Be the employee's regular physician and surgeon, licensed
7 pursuant to Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division
8 2 of the Business and Professions Code.

9 (B) Be the employee's primary care physician and has
10 previously directed the medical treatment of the employee, and
11 who retains the employee's medical records, including his or her
12 medical history. "Personal physician" includes a medical group,
13 if the medical group is a single corporation or partnership
14 composed of licensed doctors of medicine or osteopathy, which
15 operates an integrated multispecialty medical group providing
16 comprehensive medical services predominantly for
17 nonoccupational illnesses and injuries.

18 (C) The physician agrees to be predesignated.

19 (3) If the employee has health care coverage for nonoccupational
20 injuries or illnesses on the date of injury in a health care service
21 plan licensed pursuant to Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section
22 1340) of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code, and the
23 employer is notified pursuant to paragraph (1), all medical
24 treatment, utilization review of medical treatment, access to
25 medical treatment, and other medical treatment issues shall be
26 governed by Chapter 2.2 (commencing with Section 1340) of
27 Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code. Disputes regarding the
28 provision of medical treatment shall be resolved pursuant to Article
29 5.55 (commencing with Section 1374.30) of Chapter 2.2 of
30 Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

31 (4) If the employee has health care coverage for nonoccupational
32 injuries or illnesses on the date of injury in a group health insurance
33 policy as described in Section 4616.7, all medical treatment,
34 utilization review of medical treatment, access to medical
35 treatment, and other medical treatment issues shall be governed
36 by the applicable provisions of the Insurance Code.

37 (5) The insurer may require prior authorization of any
38 nonemergency treatment or diagnostic service and may conduct
39 reasonably necessary utilization review pursuant to Section 4610.

(6) An employee shall be entitled to all medically appropriate referrals by the personal physician to other physicians or medical providers within the nonoccupational health care plan. An employee shall be entitled to treatment by physicians or other medical providers outside of the nonoccupational health care plan pursuant to standards established in Article 5 (commencing with Section 1367) of Chapter 2.2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code.

(e) (1) When at the request of the employer, the employer's insurer, the administrative director, the appeals board, or a workers' compensation administrative law judge, the employee submits to examination by a physician, he or she shall be entitled to receive, in addition to all other benefits herein provided, all reasonable expenses of transportation, meals, and lodging incident to reporting for the examination, together with one day of temporary disability indemnity for each day of wages lost in submitting to the examination.

(2) Regardless of the date of injury, "reasonable expenses of transportation" includes mileage fees from the employee's home to the place of the examination and back at the rate of twenty-one cents (\$0.21) a mile or the mileage rate adopted by the Director of Human Resources pursuant to Section 19820 of the Government Code, whichever is higher, plus any bridge tolls. The mileage and tolls shall be paid to the employee at the time he or she is given notification of the time and place of the examination.

(f) When at the request of the employer, the employer's insurer, the administrative director, the appeals board, or a workers' compensation administrative law judge, an employee submits to examination by a physician and the employee does not proficiently speak or understand the English language, he or she shall be entitled to the services of a qualified interpreter in accordance with conditions and a fee schedule prescribed by the administrative director. These services shall be provided by the employer. For purposes of this section, "qualified interpreter" means a language interpreter certified, or deemed certified, pursuant to Article 8 (commencing with Section 11435.05) of Chapter 4.5 of Part 1 of Division 3 of Title 2 of, or Section 68566 of, the Government Code.

(g) If the injured employee cannot effectively communicate with his or her treating physician because he or she cannot

1 proficiently speak or understand the English language, the injured
2 employee is entitled to the services of a qualified interpreter during
3 medical treatment appointments. To be a qualified interpreter for
4 purposes of medical treatment appointments, an interpreter is not
5 required to meet the requirements of subdivision (f), but shall meet
6 any requirements established by rule by the administrative director
7 that are substantially similar to the requirements set forth in Section
8 1367.04 of the Health and Safety Code. The administrative director
9 shall adopt a fee schedule for qualified interpreter fees in
10 accordance with this section. Upon request of the injured employee,
11 the employer or insurance carrier shall pay for interpreter services.
12 An employer shall not be required to pay for the services of an
13 interpreter who is not certified or is provisionally certified by the
14 person conducting the medical treatment or examination unless
15 either the employer consents in advance to the selection of the
16 individual who provides the interpreting service or the injured
17 worker requires interpreting service in a language other than the
18 languages designated pursuant to Section 11435.40 of the
19 Government Code.

20 (h) Home health care services shall be provided as medical
21 treatment only if reasonably required to cure or relieve the injured
22 employee from the effects of his or her injury and prescribed by
23 a physician and surgeon licensed pursuant to Chapter 5
24 (commencing with Section 2000) of Division 2 of the Business
25 and Professions Code, and subject to Section 5307.1 or 5703.8.
26 The employer shall not be liable for home health care services that
27 are provided more than 14 days prior to the date of the employer's
28 receipt of the physician's prescription.

29 *SEC. 3. Section 4903.07 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

30 4903.07. (a) A lien claimant shall be entitled to an order or
31 award for reimbursement *from the employer* of a lien filing fee or
32 lien activation fee, together with interest at the rate allowed on
33 civil judgments, only if all of the following conditions are satisfied:

34 (1) Not less than 30 days before filing the lien for which the
35 filing fee was paid or filing the declaration of readiness for which
36 the lien activation fee was paid, the lien claimant has made written
37 demand for settlement of the lien claim for a clearly stated sum
38 which shall be inclusive of all claims of debt, interest, penalty, or
39 other claims potentially recoverable on the lien.

1 (2) The defendant fails to accept the settlement demand in
2 writing within 20 days of receipt of the demand for settlement, or
3 within any additional time as may be provide by the written
4 demand.

5 (3) After submission of the lien dispute to the appeals board or
6 an arbitrator, a final award is made in favor of the lien claimant
7 of a specified sum that is equal to or greater than the amount of
8 the settlement demand. The amount of the interest and filing fee
9 or lien activation fee shall not be considered in determining whether
10 the award is equal to or greater than the demand.

11 (b) This section shall not preclude an order or award of
12 reimbursement of the filing fee or activation fee pursuant to the
13 express terms of an agreed disposition of a lien dispute.

14 ~~SEC. 2.~~

15 *SEC. 4.* Section 4903.8 of the Labor Code is amended to read:

16 4903.8. (a) (1) Any order or award for payment of a lien filed
17 pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 4903 shall be made for
18 payment only to the person who was entitled to payment for the
19 expenses as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4903 at the time
20 the expenses were incurred, and not to an assignee unless the
21 person has ceased doing business in the capacity held at the time
22 the expenses were incurred and has assigned all right, title, and
23 interest in the remaining accounts receivable to the assignee.

24 (2) Paragraph (1) does not apply to an assignment that was
25 completed prior to January 1, 2013, or that was required by a
26 contract that became enforceable and irrevocable prior to January
27 1, 2013. This paragraph is declarative of existing law.

28 (b) If there has been an assignment of a lien, either as an
29 assignment of all right, title, and interest in the accounts receivable
30 or as an assignment for collection, a true and correct copy of the
31 assignment shall be filed and served.

32 (1) If the lien is filed on or after January 1, 2013, and the
33 assignment occurs before the filing of the lien, the copy of the
34 assignment shall be served at the time the lien is filed.

35 (2) If the lien is filed on or after January 1, 2013, and the
36 assignment occurs after the filing of the lien, the copy of the
37 assignment shall be served within 20 days of the date of the
38 assignment.

39 (3) If the lien is filed before January 1, 2013, the copy of the
40 assignment shall be served by January 1, 2014, or with the filing

1 of a declaration of readiness or at the time of a lien hearing,
2 whichever is earliest.

3 (c) If there has been more than one assignment of the same
4 receivable or bill, the appeals board may set the matter for hearing
5 on whether the multiple assignments constitute bad-faith actions
6 or tactics that are frivolous, harassing, or intended to cause
7 unnecessary delay or expense. If so found by the appeals board,
8 appropriate sanctions, including costs and attorney's fees, may be
9 awarded against the assignor, assignee, and their respective
10 attorneys.

11 (d) At the time of filing of a lien on or after January 1, 2013, or
12 in the case of a lien filed before January 1, 2013, at the earliest of
13 the filing of a declaration of readiness, a lien hearing, or January
14 1, 2014, supporting documentation shall be filed including one or
15 more declarations under penalty of perjury by a natural person or
16 persons competent to testify to the facts stated, declaring both of
17 the following:

18 (1) The services or products described in the bill for services
19 or products were actually provided to the injured employee.

20 (2) The billing statement attached to the lien truly and accurately
21 describes the services or products that were provided to the injured
22 employee.

23 (e) A lien submitted for filing on or after January 1, 2013, for
24 expenses provided in subdivision (b) of Section 4903, that does
25 not comply with the requirements of this section shall be deemed
26 to be invalid, whether or not accepted for filing by the appeals
27 board, and shall not operate to preserve or extend any time limit
28 for filing of the lien.

29 (f) This section shall take effect without regulatory action. The
30 appeals board and the administrative director may promulgate
31 regulations and forms for the implementation of this section.

32 *SEC. 5. Section 5410 of the Labor Code is amended to read:*

33 5410. Nothing in this chapter shall bar the right of any injured
34 worker to institute proceedings for the collection of ~~compensation,~~
35 ~~including vocational rehabilitation services,~~ *compensation* within
36 five years after the date of the injury upon the ground that the
37 original injury has caused new and further ~~disability or that the~~
38 ~~provision of vocational rehabilitation services has become feasible~~
39 ~~because the employee's medical condition has improved or because~~
40 ~~of other factors not capable of determination at the time the~~

1 employer's liability for vocational rehabilitation services otherwise
2 ~~terminated~~. *disability*. The jurisdiction of the appeals board in these
3 cases shall be a continuing jurisdiction within this period. This
4 section does not extend the limitation provided in Section 5407.

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